

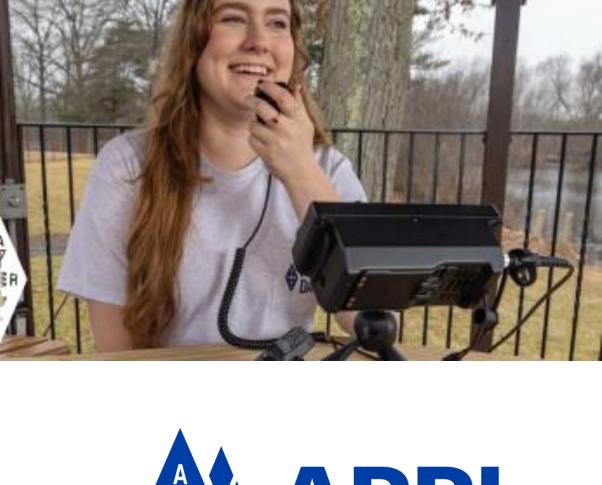
FIFTH EDITIO

HAN RADIO LICENSE MANUAL

EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO GET YOUR FIRST HAM RADIO LICENSE!

- All questions and answer key, with detailed explanations, to help you pass your test and get on the air!
- For use with exams taken between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2026.

Amateur Radio Technician Exam Preparation Course



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Amateur Radio Technician Exam Prep Course

Module 5

Amateur Radio Equipment

- 5.1 Modulation
- 5.2 Transmitters and Receivers
- 5.3 Digital Communications
- 5.4 Power Supplies and Batteries



PRACTICE QUESTIONS



Which of the following can be used to enter a transceiver's operating frequency?

- A. The keypad or VFO knob
- B. The CTCSS or DTMF encoder
- C. The Automatic Frequency Control
- D. All these choices are correct



What is a way to enable quick access to a favorite frequency or channel on your transceiver?

- A. Enable the frequency offset
- B. Store it in a memory channel
- C. Enable the VOX
- D. Use the scan mode to select the desired frequency



What is an electronic keyer?

- A. A device for switching antennas from transmit to receive
- B. A device for voice activated switching from receive to transmit
- C. A device that assists in manual sending of Morse code
- D. An interlock to prevent unauthorized use of a radio



What is the function of a transceiver's PTT input?

- A. Input for a key used to send CW
- B. Switches transceiver from receive to transmit when grounded
- C. Provides a transmit tuning tone when grounded
- D. Input for a preamplifier tuning tone



What is the primary purpose of a dummy load?

- A. To prevent transmitting signals over the air when making tests
- B. To prevent over-modulation of a transmitter
- C. To improve the efficiency of an antenna
- D. To improve the signal-to-noise ratio of a receiver



What does a dummy load consist of?

- A. A high-gain amplifier and a TR switch
- B. A non-inductive resistor mounted on a heat sink
- C. A low-voltage power supply and a DC relay
- D. A 50-ohm reactance used to terminate a transmission line



What would cause your FM transmission audio to be distorted on voice peaks?

- A. Your repeater offset is inverted
- B. You need to talk louder
- C. You are talking too loudly
- D. Your transmit power is too high



What is the effect of excessive microphone gain on SSB transmissions?

- A. Frequency instability
- B. Distorted transmitted audio
- C. Increased SWR
- D. All these choices are correct



What can you do if you are told your FM handheld or mobile transceiver is over-deviating?

- A. Talk louder into the microphone
- B. Let the transceiver cool off
- C. Change to a higher power level
- D. Talk farther away from the microphone



What is the purpose of a squelch function?

- A. Reduce a CW transmitter's key clicks
- B. Mute the receiver audio when a signal is not present
- C. Eliminate parasitic oscillations in an RF amplifier
- D. Reduce interference from impulse noise



How is squelch adjusted so that a weak FM signal can be heard?

- A. Set the squelch threshold so that receiver output audio is on all the time
- B. Turn up the audio level until it overcomes the squelch threshold
- C. Turn on the anti-squelch function
- D. Enable squelch enhancement



Which term describes the ability of a receiver to detect the presence of a signal?

- A. Linearity
- B. Sensitivity
- C. Selectivity
- D. Total Harmonic Distortion

Which term describes the ability of a receiver to discriminate between multiple signals?

- A. Discrimination ratio
- B. Sensitivity
- C. Selectivity
- D. Harmonic distortion



Where is an RF preamplifier installed?

- A. Between the antenna and receiver
- B. At the output of the transmitter power amplifier
- C. Between the transmitter and the antenna tuner
- D. At the output of the receiver audio amplifier

Which of the following controls could be used if the voice pitch of a single-sideband signal returning to your CQ call seems too high or low?

- A. The AGC or limiter
- B. The bandwidth selection
- C. The tone squelch
- D. The RIT or Clarifier



What is the advantage of having multiple receive bandwidth choices on a multimode transceiver?

- A. Permits monitoring several modes at once by selecting a separate filter for each mode
- B. Permits noise or interference reduction by selecting a bandwidth matching the mode
- C. Increases the number of frequencies that can be stored in memory
- D. Increases the amount of offset between receive and transmit frequencies



Which of the following receiver filter bandwidths provides the best signal-to-noise ratio for SSB reception?

- A. 500 Hz
- B. 1000 Hz
- C. 2400 Hz
- D. 5000 Hz

What is the result of tuning an FM receiver above or below a signal's frequency?

- A. Change in audio pitch
- B. Sideband inversion
- C. Generation of a heterodyne tone
- D. Distortion of the signal's audio



What is the function of the SSB/CW-FM switch on a VHF power amplifier?

- A. Change the mode of the transmitted signal
- B. Set the amplifier for proper operation in the selected mode
- C. Change the frequency range of the amplifier to operate in the proper segment of the band
- D. Reduce the received signal noise



What device increases the transmitted output power from a transceiver?

- A. A voltage divider
- B. An RF power amplifier
- C. An impedance network
- D. All these choices are correct



What device converts the RF input and output of a transceiver to another band?

- A. High-pass filter
- B. Low-pass filter
- C. Transverter
- D. Phase converter



Which of the following is a digital communications mode?

- A. Packet radio
- B. IEEE 802.11
- C. FT8
- D. All these choices are correct

Which of the following best describes an amateur radio mesh network?

- A. An amateur-radio based data network using commercial Wi-Fi equipment with modified firmware
- B. A wide-bandwidth digital voice mode employing DMR protocols
- C. A satellite communications network using modified commercial satellite TV hardware
- D. An internet linking protocol used to network repeaters

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Which of the following operating activities is supported by digital mode software in the WSJT-X software suite?

- A. Earth-Moon-Earth
- B. Weak signal propagation beacons
- C. Meteor scatter
- D. All these choices are correct



What is FT8?

- A. A wideband FM voice mode
- B. A digital mode capable of low signal-to-noise operation
- C. An eight channel multiplex mode for FM repeaters
- D. A digital slow-scan TV mode with forward error correction and automatic color compensation



Which of the following is included in packet radio transmissions?

- A. A check sum that permits error detection
- B. A header that contains the call sign of the station to which the information is being sent
- C. Automatic repeat request in case of error
- D. All these choices are correct



What is an ARQ transmission system?

- A. A special transmission format limited to video signals
- B. A system used to encrypt command signals to an amateur radio satellite
- C. An error correction method in which the receiving station detects errors and sends a request for retransmission
- D. A method of compressing data using autonomous reiterative Q codes prior to final encoding

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What does the abbreviation "PSK" mean?

- A. Pulse Shift Keying
- B. Phase Shift Keying
- C. Packet Short Keying
- D. Phased Slide Keying



What kind of data can be transmitted by APRS?

- A. GPS position data
- B. Text messages
- C. Weather data
- D. All these choices are correct



Which of the following is an application of APRS?

- A. Providing real-time tactical digital communications in conjunction with a map showing the locations of stations
- B. Showing automatically the number of packets transmitted via PACTOR during a specific time interval
- C. Providing voice over internet connection between repeaters
- D. Providing information on the number of stations signed into a repeater

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How are the transceiver audio input and output connected in a station configured to operate using FT8?

- A. To a computer running a terminal program and connected to a terminal node controller unit
- B. To the audio input and output of a computer running WSJT-X software
- C. To an FT8 conversion unit, a keyboard, and a computer monitor
- D. To a computer connected to the FT8converter.com website



What signals are used in a computer-radio interface for digital mode operation?

- A. Receive and transmit mode, status, and location
- B. Antenna and RF power
- C. Receive audio, transmit audio, and transmitter keying
- D. NMEA GPS location and DC power

Which of the following connections is made between a computer mater and a transceiver to use computer software when operating digital modes?

- A. Computer "line out" to transceiver push-to-talk
- B. Computer "line in" to transceiver push-to-talk
- C. Computer "line in" to transceiver speaker connector
- D. Computer "line out" to transceiver speaker connector



What is an amateur radio station that connects other amateur stations to the internet?

- A. A gateway
- B. A repeater
- C. A digipeater
- D. A beacon

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- A. 24.0 volts at 4 amperes
- B. 13.8 volts at 4 amperes
- C. 24.0 volts at 12 amperes
- D. 13.8 volts at 12 amperes



What type of circuit controls the amount of voltage from a power supply?

- A. Regulator
- B. Oscillator
- C. Filter
- D. Phase inverter

Why are short, heavy-gauge wires used for a transceiver's DC^{ateur Ra} power connection?

- A. To minimize voltage drop when transmitting
- B. To provide a good counterpoise for the antenna
- C. To avoid RF interference
- D. All these choices are correct



Where should the negative power return of a mobile transceiver be connected in a vehicle?

- A. At the 12 volt battery chassis ground
- B. At the antenna mount
- C. To any metal part of the vehicle
- D. Through the transceiver's mounting bracket



What hazard is caused by charging or discharging a battery too quickly?

- A. Overheating or out-gassing
- B. Excess output ripple
- C. Half-wave rectification
- D. Inverse memory effect



How can you determine the length of time that equipment can be powered from a battery?

- A. Divide the watt-hour rating of the battery by the peak power consumption of the equipment
- B. Divide the battery ampere-hour rating by the average current draw of the equipment
- C. Multiply the watts per hour consumed by the equipment by the battery power rating
- D. Multiply the square of the current rating of the battery by the input resistance of the equipment

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Which of the following battery chemistries is rechargeable?

- A. Nickel-metal hydride
- B. Lithium-ion
- C. Lead-acid
- D. All these choices are correct



Which of the following battery chemistries is not rechargeable?

- A. Nickel-cadmium
- B. Carbon-zinc
- C. Lead-acid
- D. Lithium-ion

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END OF MODULE 5

